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## Opioid Withdrawal Treatment Trends with Wearable Electrical Nerve Stimulation Devices

Wearable electrical nerve stimulation devices, particularly **Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation** (“TENS”) and other forms of **neurostimulation**, offer a compelling new treatment option for managing symptoms of **opioid withdrawal**.

While these devices have not yet been widely adopted as a primary treatment for opioid withdrawal, research and clinical experience suggest that they can be **effective** in relieving withdrawal symptoms particularly when used alongside more conventional treatments.

**JBA Health** believes that wearable electrical nerve stimulation provides a **new approach** to manage opioid withdrawal in the following ways:

### MECHANISM OF ACTION FOR OPIOID WITHDRAWAL RELIEF:

- **Pain and Discomfort Relief**: One of the major symptoms of opioid withdrawal is **muscle and joint pain**, which TENS devices are known to alleviate. By stimulating the nerves and interfering with pain signals, TENS can help reduce the **physical discomfort** associated with withdrawal.
- **Endorphin Release**: Electrical nerve stimulation may help to promote the release of **endorphins**, the body’s natural painkillers. Since opioids affect endorphin pathways in the brain, stimulating the body to release endorphins naturally may help alleviate some of the withdrawal-related pain and emotional distress.
- **Calming Effects**: Some neurostimulation techniques can help reduce **anxiety** and **stress**, which are common symptoms during opioid withdrawal. This can be particularly beneficial when paired with other treatments, helping to manage agitation and restlessness.

### TYPES OF ELECTRICAL STIMULATION USED IN OPIOID WITHDRAWAL:

1. **TENS** (Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation):

- **Pain Reduction:** TENS has been used to manage the **pain** associated with opioid withdrawal. TENS can reduce the physical discomfort such as **muscle aches** and **joint pain**.
  - **Effectiveness:** For more severe cases of opioid withdrawal such as anxiety, insomnia, or cravings, TENS may be used as a **supplemental tool** to reduce physical symptoms and may not be sufficient as a stand-alone treatment.
2. **Cranial Electrotherapy Stimulation (“CES”):**
- CES is a form of neurostimulation that uses electrical impulses applied to the head to influence brain activity. It has shown promise in reducing **anxiety**, **insomnia**, and **depression**—all of which are common symptoms of opioid withdrawal.
  - **Effectiveness:** Some studies suggest that CES can reduce the severity of withdrawal symptoms, particularly by improving sleep quality and reducing stress. CES devices have been used to manage withdrawal symptoms in clinical settings, with anecdotal reports of success in reducing anxiety and insomnia.
3. **Auricular (Ear) Electrical Stimulation (NADA Protocol):**
- This method involves **electrical stimulation of specific points in the ear**, which is believed to influence the nervous system and alleviate withdrawal symptoms. It is based on principles of **acupuncture** and is sometimes referred to as **Neuro-Electric Therapy (“NET”)**.
  - **Effectiveness:** There is evidence suggesting that auricular stimulation can reduce the **physical symptoms** of withdrawal, such as muscle cramps and sweats, and may also help with **emotional regulation**. This technique has been used in some detoxification programs and is viewed as a potential aid in reducing withdrawal discomfort.
4. **Percutaneous Electrical Nerve Field Stimulation (“PENFS”):**
- The FDA-approved **Spark Sparrow** device is a form of **percutaneous electrical nerve field stimulation** designed specifically to manage **opioid withdrawal symptoms**. It involves placing electrodes behind the ear to stimulate cranial nerves associated with pain and withdrawal symptoms.
  - **Effectiveness:** Studies and clinical trials suggest that the **Spark Sparrow** device can significantly reduce opioid withdrawal symptoms, including nausea, vomiting, agitation, and cravings, within 30 to 60 minutes of use. It has been used in **opioid detoxification programs** as part of a broader treatment plan.

## **BENEFITS OF USING ELECTRICAL STIMULATION FOR OPIOID WITHDRAWAL:**

1. **Non-Invasive:** These treatments are **non-invasive** and have minimal side effects, making them appealing as part of a withdrawal management plan.
2. **Adjunct Therapy:** Electrical stimulation devices can serve as **adjunct therapies**, meaning they can be combined with more traditional treatments like **medication-assisted treatment (“MAT”)** or **behavioral therapy**.

3. **Reduced Reliance on Medications:** For individuals looking to avoid or reduce reliance on medications like **buprenorphine** or **methadone**, these devices offer a non-pharmacological option that can help manage withdrawal symptoms.

## LIMITATIONS:

1. **Not a Stand-Alone Treatment:** Electrical stimulation alone is usually not sufficient to treat the full spectrum of opioid withdrawal symptoms, especially the **psychological symptoms** such as intense cravings, depression, and anxiety. These often require more comprehensive interventions, including medication-assisted treatment and counseling.
2. **Varied Effectiveness:** The effectiveness of electrical nerve stimulation varies from person to person, and while it may work well for some patients, others may experience little relief.
3. **Limited Availability and Research:** Although promising, there is still **limited large-scale clinical evidence** on the long-term efficacy of electrical stimulation devices in managing opioid withdrawal, particularly compared to more established treatments like medication-assisted treatment.

## CONCLUSION:

Wearable electrical nerve stimulation devices, such as TENS, CES, and the Spark Sparrow, show **effectiveness** in managing **symptoms** of opioid withdrawal, particularly **physical pain, anxiety, and sleep disturbances**. These devices are generally most effective when used as part of a **multimodal treatment plan** that includes other therapies, such as medication-assisted treatment, behavioral therapy, and psychosocial support.

For some patients, wearable devices offer **non-invasive relief** and can help reduce reliance on opioids or medications during the withdrawal process. However, they may not be sufficient as a **stand-alone treatment**, especially for individuals experiencing severe withdrawal symptoms. Therefore, wearable electrical nerve stimulation is seen as an **adjunctive tool** to improve the overall comfort and success of opioid detoxification and recovery.

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## About JBA Health

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